

# 440G-LZ Guardmaster Guard Locking Switch

Catalog Numbers 440G-LZS21SPx, 440G-LZS21SPRx, 440G-LZS21STLx, 440G-LZS21STRx, 440G-LZS21UPLx, 440GLZS21UPRx, 440G-LZS21UTLx, 440G-LZS21UTRx



Guardemaster

**User Manual** 

**Original Instructions** 

# **Important User Information**

Read this document and the documents listed in the additional resources section about installation, configuration, and operation of this equipment before you install, configure, operate, or maintain this product. Users are required to familiarize themselves with installation and wiring instructions in addition to requirements of all applicable codes, laws, and standards.

Activities including installation, adjustments, putting into service, use, assembly, disassembly, and maintenance are required to be carried out by suitably trained personnel in accordance with applicable code of practice.

If this equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

In no event will Rockwell Automation, Inc. be responsible or liable for indirect or consequential damages resulting from the use or application of this equipment.

The examples and diagrams in this manual are included solely for illustrative purposes. Because of the many variables and requirements associated with any particular installation, Rockwell Automation, Inc. cannot assume responsibility or liability for actual use based on the examples and diagrams.

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Throughout this manual, when necessary, we use notes to make you aware of safety considerations.



**WARNING:** Identifies information about practices or circumstances that can cause an explosion in a hazardous environment, which may lead to personal injury or death, property damage, or economic loss.



**ATTENTION:** Identifies information about practices or circumstances that can lead to personal injury or death, property damage, or economic loss. Attentions help you identify a hazard, avoid a hazard, and recognize the consequence.

**IMPORTANT** Identifies information that is critical for successful application and understanding of the product.

These labels may also be on or inside the equipment to provide specific precautions.



**SHOCK HAZARD:** Labels may be on or inside the equipment, for example, a drive or motor, to alert people that dangerous voltage may be present.



BURN HAZARD: Labels may be on or inside the equipment, for example, a drive or motor, to alert people that surfaces may reach dangerous temperatures.



**ARC FLASH HAZARD:** Labels may be on or inside the equipment, for example, a motor control center, to alert people to potential Arc Flash. Arc Flash will cause severe injury or death. Wear proper Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). Follow ALL Regulatory requirements for safe work practices and for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

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### **Notes:**

# **Summary of Changes**

This manual contains new and updated information as indicated in the following table.

	Торіс		Page		
	Updated Catalog Numbers.		10		
	Updated <u>Figure 6</u> .		19		
	Updated Connections.		23		
Who Should Use This Manual	Use this manual to design, install, prog the Guardmaster® 440G-LZ guard lock	ram, or troubleshoot syste safety switches.	ems that use		
	You are required to have a basic unders familiarity with safety-related control s training before using this product.	standing of electrical circu ystems. If you do not, obta	itry and in the proper		
Purpose of This Manual	<b>Urpose of This Manual</b> This manual is a reference guide for the Guardmaster 440G-LZ gua switch. It describes the procedures you use to install, wire, and trou your switch. This manual:				
	<ul> <li>Explains how to install and wire your 440G-LZ switch, and</li> <li>Provides an overview of the Guardmaster 440G-LZ guard locking switch.</li> </ul>				
Conventions Used in This Manual	<ul> <li>The following conventions are used throughout this manual:</li> <li>Bulleted lists such as this one provide information, not procedural steps.</li> <li>Numbered lists provide sequential steps or hierarchical information.</li> </ul>				
Additional Resources	<b>Dal Resources</b> The following document offers additional information about related Roc Automation products:				
	Resource Description				
	Allen-Bradley Industrial Automation Glossary, publication AG-7.1 Glossary of industrial automation terms and abbreviations				

You can view and download publications at <u>rok.auto/literature</u>.

# Terminology

The <u>Industrial Automation Glossary</u> contains terms and abbreviations used by Rockwell Automation to describe industrial automation systems. Below is a list of specific terms and abbreviations used in this manual.

NC	No connection
N.C. (Normally Closed)	An electrical contact whose normal state (for example, no pressure or electrical potential applied) is in the closed position.
N.O. (Normally Open)	An electrical contact whose normal state (i.e., no pressure or electrical potential applied) is in the open position.
PLC	A programmable logic controller or a programmable automation controller.
PTL (Power to Lock)	Apply 24V to the lock command to lock the switch. This command applies to the 440G-LZ switch.
PTL (Power to Release)	Apply 24V to the lock command to unlock the switch. This command applies to the 440G-LZ switch.
Reaction Time	Describes the time between the true state of the input to the ON state of the output.
Response Time	Describes the time between the trigger of the input to the OFF state of the output. Throughout this manual, the safety outputs may be described as turning off immediately. This means that the safety outputs will turn off within the response time.
RFID	Radio frequency identification.
OSSD (Output Signal Switching Device)	Typically a pair of solid-state signals pulled up to the DC source supply. The signals are usually tested for short circuits to the DC power supply, short circuits to the DC common, and short circuits between the two signals.
Standard coding	Same as Low coding as defined in EN ISO 14119:2013
440G-LZL	440G-LZ power-to-lock guard locking switch
440G-LZR	440G-LZ power-to-release guard locking switch
Unique coding	Same as High coding as defined in EN ISO 14119:2013

# **General Description**

### Guardmaster 440G-LZ Safety Switch Overview

This Guardmaster<sup>®</sup> 440G-LZ guard lock safety switch functions by extending a locking bolt from the switch through a hole in the actuator, which prohibits the opening of a guard.

The locking bolt drive mechanism and logic confirm that the locking bolt is allowed to extend only when the corresponding actuator is detected within range.

RFID technology enables high precision operation while meeting the requirements to prohibit actuator substitution as described in EN ISO 14119. The 440G-LZ safety switches are classified according to ISO 14119 as Type 4 interlocking devices with guard locking. The unique coded actuators are classified as having a high level of coding.

The Guardmaster 440G-LZ guard lock safety switch features OSSD outputs. These outputs are enabled only when the locking bolt is sensed in its extended position in the actuator. This action only happens when the guard is both closed and locked.

The locking bolt drive mechanism uses a bi-stable solenoid. As a result, the switch consumes little electrical power, with peak currents occurring (only briefly) on startup and after each movement of the locking bolt.

Because of its bi-stable drive, not only does the device consume minimal power, but it also does not produce heat while it is locked or unlocked.

Despite the bi-stable design of the locking bolt drive, the device logic and functionality are configured to replicate the functionality of a Power to Release or Power to Lock solenoid-operated switch (depending on type).

### **Assembly Overview**



# **Catalog Numbers**

 440G-LZS
 21
 S
 P
 R
 H

 a
 b
 c
 d
 e

	a			b	C	
Outputs (Safety/Auxiliary)			Actuator Code		Auxiliary Type	
Code	Description	C	Code	Description	Code Description	
20	Two safety, no aux		S	Standard coding	Ν	No auxiliary (5-pin model)
21	Two safety, one aux		U	Unique coding	P Auxiliary - lock status	
					Т	Auxiliary - door proximity

d			
		C	
Code	Description		Code
R	Power to Release		Α
L	Power to Lock		В
			Н

	e
Co	onnection Type
Code	Description
А	3 m (9.8 ft) cable
В	10 m (32.8 ft) cable
Н	M12 8-pin
J	M12 5-pin

### Table 1 - Complete Switches, including Switch Body, Actuator, and Actuator Mounting Bracket

		Cat. No.						
Type	Actuator Coding	Connection						
.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	·······	3 m lead	10 m lead	6 in. pigtail with M12 5-pin Quick Disconnect	6 in. pigtail with M12 8-pin Quick Disconnect	Auxiliary Type		
Power to	Standard (Low level to EN ISO 14119:2013)	440G-LZS21SPRA	440G-LZS21SPRB	440G-LZS21SNRJ	440G-LZS21SPRH	Lock Status		
Release	Unique (High level to EN ISO 14119:2013)	440G-LZS21UPRA	440G-LZS21UPRB	440G-LZS21UNRJ	440G-LZS21UPRH	Lock Status		
Power to Lock	Standard (Low level to EN ISO 14119-2013)	440G-LZS21SPLA	440G-LZS21SPLB	440G-LZS21SNLJ	440G-LZS21SPLH	Lock Status		
	Unique (High level to EN ISO 14119:2013)	440G-LZS21UPLA	440G-LZS21UPLB	440G-LZS21UNLJ	440G-LZS21UPLH	Lock Status		
Power to	Standard (Low-level EN ISO 14119:2013)	440G-LZS21STRA	440G-LZS21STRB	440G-LZS21SNRJ	440G-LZS21STRH	Door Proximity		
Release	Unique (High-level EN ISO 14119:2013)	440G-LZS21UTRA	440G-LZS21UTRB	440G-LZS21UNRJ	440G-LZS21UTRH	Door Proximity		
Power to Lock	Standard (Low-level EN ISO 14119:2013)	440G-LZS21STLA	440G-LZS21STLB	440G-LZS21SNLJ	440G-LZS21STLH	Door Proximity		
	Unique (High-level EN ISO 14119:2013)	440G-LZS21UTLA	440G-LZS21UTLB	440G-LZS21UNLJ	440G-LZS21UTLH	Door Proximity		

### Table 2 - Spare Actuators and Actuator Mounting Bracket

Туре	Coding	Cat. No.
Power to Polooco	Standard (Low-level EN ISO 14119:2013)	440G-LZASPR
Power to Release	Unique (High-level EN ISO 14119:2013)	440G-LZAUPR
Power to Lock	Standard (Low-level EN ISO 14119:2013)	440G-LZASPL
	Unique (High-level EN ISO 14119:2013)	440G-LZAUPL
Actuato	440G-LZAM1	

### Table 3 - Accessories

Description	Cat. No.
Switch body mounting bracket	440G-LZAM2

# **Packaging Contents**

The box includes the following components:

Figure 1 - Switch Body Including Connection Lead: 3 m or 10 m Flying Lead or Pigtail Equipped with M12 QD Connector



Figure 2 - Actuator Mounting Bracket



Figure 3 - Actuator



Figure 4 - Mounting Screws: 2 x T10 Torx





Figure 5 - Alignment Guide



### **Notes:**

# **Safety Concept**

### **Safety Standards**

The Guardmaster<sup>®</sup> 440G-LZ safety switch satisfies applicable requirements in the following standards that are related to functional safety and machinery assembly:

- IEC 60947-5-1: 2003+A1: 2009
- IEC 60947-5-3: 1999/A: 2005
- IEC 61508:2010 SIL 3
- IEC 62061:2005 SIL 3
- EN ISO 13849-1:2008/AC: 2009 Performance Level e (PLe), Category 4
- EN ISO 14119:2013
- UL 508 17th Edition dated 3/19/2013

**Safety Certification** The Guardmaster 440G-LZ safety switch is certified for use in safety applications up to and including SIL 3 according to IEC 61508 and IEC 62061 with a proof interval of 20 years, and Performance Level PLe Category 4 in compliance with ISO 13849-1.

Safety requirements are based on the standards applicable at the time of certification.

The TÜV Rheinland group has approved the Guardmaster 440G-LZ safety switch for use in safety-related applications where Performance Level "e" is required for the door position and lock monitor functions.

The 440G-LZ safety switch must be installed in accordance with the applicable regulation and standards.

While the 440G-LZ safety switch can be used for SIL 3, PLe, and Category 4 applications, the installer must comply with guard requirements (for example, EN ISO13854 and EN ISO 13857), and in some cases minimum (safe) distance requirements (for example, EN ISO 13855).

ATTENTION: A risk assessment is required to prove that the selected switch can be used in the desired application. A functional test of the system is necessary to validate that it works as expected (see <u>Functional Testing on page 21</u>). Guard locking switches that are activated by the Power to Lock principle, 440G-LZS 21 \*\*L\* safety switch, must only be used after a risk assessment has shown that the use of a Power to Release principle, 440G-LZS21\*\*R\* safety switch is inappropriate. This assessment is necessary since the guard can be immediately opened after a loss of power supply or upon de-activation of the unlocking signal.

The installed system, including the safety control system and the means by which the machine stops, must achieve the needed safety performance. The 440G-LZ safety switch is one element in the safety system.

Additional guidance on guards, guard locking and guard interlock can be found in:

- EN ISO 12100
- EN ISO 13854
- EN ISO 13855

•

- EN ISO 13857
- EN ISO 14119
- EN ISO TR 24119
- EN ISO 14120
- Application-specific C-level standards

# Installation

### **General Considerations**

Installation must be in accordance with the present manual and implemented by qualified personnel exclusively. The 440G-LZ guard locking safety switch is intended to be part of the safety-related control system of a machine.



**ATTENTION:** Before installation, a thorough risk assessment must be performed to determine whether the specifications of this device are suitable for all foreseeable operational and environmental characteristics of the application.

### **Correct Use**

Review the following requirements and guidelines for proper use of the safety switch in order to achieve optimal performance.

- The 440G-LZ guard locking safety switch is designed for use on smalland medium-sized guards that are engineered to be rigid without sag and allow partial body access to the safeguarded area.
- The switch is not to be used as a mechanical stop. Check that a separate door stop is used.
- Use in applications where the alignment tolerance falls within the stated specification (± 2.5 mm [0.10 in.] in X, Y, Z directions). A separately mounted latch (for example, magnetic or mechanical) is recommended to maintain proper alignment of the actuator. The locking bolt must be free to enter and withdraw from the hole in the actuator without binding.
- This switch can be used on guards that do not require escape, emergency, or remote releases.
- Use appropriate screws, bolts, or nuts that are fitted by tools to mount the switch and actuators to avoid tampering.
- Do not over torque the mounting hardware.
- The locking bolt must never be extended mechanically. Only extend the bolt electrically. These basic connections are required:
  - Pin 2 (brown wire) must be connected to 24V DC
  - Pin 7 (blue wire) must be connected to oV (GND)
  - Pin 3 (green wire) is the lock command (0 or 24V DC). See <u>Lock</u> <u>Command on page 27</u> for description of lock command for PTR and PTL type switches.
- Adjacent switches must be separated by a minimum distance of 200 m (8 in.), see <u>Pair Proximity on page 19</u>.
- Mount the switch away from any source of metal particles. See <u>Environmental Considerations on page 19</u>.
- The 440G-LZ is designed to be used in a NEC Class 2 circuit. Connect the 440G-LZ to a dedicated Class 2 power supply or use electronic circuit protection (for example, 1692-ZRCLSS) to achieve NEC Class 2 compliance.



**ATTENTION:** For the switch, actuator, and actuator mounting bracket:

• Only use the designated mounting holes.

 Never drill or use to support other structures such as a conduit, cable ways, or other hardware.

### **Orientation of Switches**

Can be used in all mounting orientations.



# **Actuator Mounting**

The actuator must be fitted to the actuator mounting bracket in such a manner that the white alignment triangles that are marked on both the actuator and switch body are in the installed position.



Verify that the locking bolt enters the actuator mounting bracket first.



**IMPORTANT** The performance of the switch can only be guaranteed if the provided actuator mounting bracket is used. Mounting the actuator without the supplied bracket can result in the reduction of performance.

Verify that two fasteners are used with at least one fastener that is fitted close to the actuator bracket bend.

The following drawings show mounting possibilities when attaching to extruded aluminum profile and flat surface guard doors.



# Allowable Approach Directions

The actuator can approach the switch from all four directions.



Verify that the white arrow on the actuator aligns with the white arrow on the switch body.

### Mounting the Switch Body

Three M5 fasteners (not provided) are required for proper mounting to a rigid guard door frame.



**IMPORTANT** Washers are not required and if used can cause the mounting holes on the switch body to crack. If it is decided to use a standard thread-locking compound on the mounting screws of the switch body, check the manufacturer's specification. Many standard thread-locking compounds can attack the plastic feet of the switch body, which can cause stress cracks. It is recommended to use cyanoacrylate-type thread-locking compounds.

### **Actuator Alignment**

There are three ways to achieve proper alignment.



### **Pair Proximity**

Maintain a minimum separation of approximately 200 mm (8 in.) between any two switches and actuators, as indicated in the following illustration.





This restriction applies to both pairs of 440G-LZ safety switches and combinations of 440G-LZ safety switches with the TLS-Z guard locking switches and/or 440N-Z SensaGuard<sup>™</sup> noncontact safety switches. All of these devices use inductive field technology for sensing actuator proximity and RFID technology for actuator code identification.

**IMPORTANT** If the minimum separation distance is not observed, the inductive fields interact causing cross talk. Cross talk results in nuisance faults and false operation.

### Mounting for Protection from Particle Build-up

Particle build-up in the vicinity of the locking bolt will likely cause jamming of the locking bolt, which over time causes switch failure. Ferromagnetic metal particles are especially harmful as they are attracted to the permanent magnet at the tip of the locking bolt.

**IMPORTANT** The correct installation is to mount the switch away from any source of metal particles. Perform preventative maintenance periodically to keep the switch clean of metallic particles. Pay particular attention during installation to be sure that any drilling swarf is excluded from the vicinity of the switch.

### Mounting for Protection from Ingress of Liquids

The 440G-LZ safety switch is rated for IP69 in accordance with IEC 60529:192 + A2:2013. This rating involves a short-term test that is made with high-pressure water jets at 80° C (176° F). The test is passed if no water enters the enclosure of the switch that contains the electrical components and the switch function is not impaired.

This rating does not promise protection from any liquids other than water and does not promise the mechanical longevity from continuous or frequent exposure.

However, the 440G-LZ safety switch is used in CIP (clean-in-place) applications by virtue of the following features:

- Stainless steel is used for all metal parts including the M12 quickdisconnect.
- The product plastics are resistant to most alkaline cleaners used in CIP.
- An internal nitrile-rolling lip seal guards the locking bolt, which extends and retracts during locking/unlocking.

### Environmental Considerations

IMPORTANTTo be sure of maximum longevity when exposed to CIP, it is<br/>recommended that the switch be mounted in the inverted position with<br/>the actuator at the bottom. This position allows liquids to drain away<br/>from the locking bolt.<br/>Removing the plug in the middle of the actuator improves drainage (see<br/>Removal of the Actuator Plug).<br/>It is also recommended that the switch be thoroughly rinsed with water<br/>after exposure to CIP. This step prevents adverse effects that may<br/>occur with long-term exposure.

### Removal of the Actuator Plug

This plug can be broken out from the actuator if a through-hole is required to avoid a food trap when mounted on the hazard side of a guard door.

Twist the plug with a screwdriver until it comes apart.

Figure 7 - Removal of Actuator Plug



### **Auxiliary/Manual Release**

The manual release is provided to allow you to unlock the guard door if an unforeseen and uncommon circumstance occurs.

If power is supplied to the switch and the switch is in its locked state, if you invoke the auxiliary release, it causes the switch to enter a fault condition (blinking red status indicator).

To reset the switch, simply cycle the power.



### **Functional Testing**

A manual functional electric test must be made:

- After installation
- After any maintenance or change of component
- If the guard is used infrequently
  - Less than once a month for SIL 3/PLe
  - Less than once a year for SIL 2/PLd



**ATTENTION:** During the functional test, confirm that there are no persons in the danger area and that the machine startup does not cause a hazard.

- 1. Confirm that the guard door is open.
- 2. Connect the 24V DC power to pin 2 and ground (OV) to pin 7. The switch conducts a self-testing routine at the end of which the diagnostic indicator is solid red.
- 3. Test to confirm that the machine cannot start.
- 4. Confirm the lock control at pin 3 is set to 0V for PTR and 24V for PTL types.
- 5. Test again to confirm that the machine cannot start.
- 6. Close the guard door and then confirm that the guard is mechanically locked and the diagnostic indicator is solid green.
- 7. Test to confirm that the machine can start.
- 8. Change the lock control at pin 3 to 24V for PTR and oV for PTL types.
- 9. Confirm the machine stops, the guard door is mechanically unlocked, and the machine cannot restart.

### **Notes:**

# Wiring

### **Connections**

The 440G-LZ safety switch is available with an 8-pin DC Micro M12 quickdisconnect connector. <u>Table 4</u> and <u>Table 5</u> show the pin assignments and their functions and typical mating cordsets. Other cordsets are available at <u>DC</u><u>Micro Cordsets and Patchcords</u>.

### Table 4 - 8-pin Micro Quick Disconnect Cables

3 Lock Command 8 Safety A + Input 4 Safety B + Input 5 Safety A Output 6 Safety B Output				
Typical Mating Cordsets	Pin	Color	Function	
	1	White	Aux	
	2	Brown	24V DC Supply	
889D-F8NB-x <sup>(1)</sup>	3	Green	Lock Command	
(Red, PVC)	4	Yellow	Safety B+ Input	
889D-F8AB-x <sup>(1)</sup> (Black, PVC)	5	Gray	Safety A Output (OSSD A)	
	6	Pink	Safety B Output (OSSD B)	
	7	Blue	Ground (OV)	
	8	Red	Safety A+ Input	

 Replace symbol with 2 [2 m (6.56 ft)], 5 [5 m (16.4 ft)], 10 [10 m (32.8 ft)], 15 [15 m (49.2 ft)] 20 [20 m [65.62 ft)] or 30 [30 m (98.4 ft)] for standard cable lengths. The 440G-LZ safety switch has been tested to operate with up to 120 m (393.7 ft) of the mating cables.

#### Table 5 - 5-pin Micro (M12)

Pin	Color	Function	
1	Brown	+24	
2	White	Safety OSSD 1 Output	
3	Blue	0V	
4	Black	Safety OSSD2 Output	
5	Gray	Lock Command	

The recommended cordset is catalog number 889D-F5AC-2 (2 m [6.5 ft]). For additional lengths, replace the 2 with 5 [5 m (16.4 ft)] or 10 [10 m (32.8 ft)] for standard cable lengths.

The recommended patchcord for use with ArmorBlock<sup>®</sup> Guard Safety I/O is the 2 m (6.5 ft) catalog number 889D-F5ACDM-2. Replace the 2 with OM3 [OM3 (0.98 ft)], 1 [1 m (3.28 ft)], 5 [5 m (16.4 ft)], or 10 [10 m (32.8 ft)] for standard cable lengths.

# **OSSD Inputs**

The OSSD inputs are Safety A+ and Safety B+. These inputs are 24V DC signals, which can contain test pulses. The OSSD inputs allow the 440G-LZ safety switches to be connected in series while maintaining a high level of safety performance.

### **OSSD Outputs**

The OSSD outputs are Safety A and Safety B. These outputs are 24V signals that contain test pulses. The test pulses are used to detect short circuits to 24V, to 0V and cross faults (from Safety A to Safety B). This description of the test pulses is provided for informational purposes; you cannot modify them.

**IMPORTANT** To prohibit nuisance tripping, mask the OSSD input channels of the safety system with an On to Off delay of at least 6 ms.



### **Connections Systems**

The following connection system components facilitate connection.



Conne	Cat. No. <sup>(1)</sup>	
1 – Safety-wired	d Splitter/T-Port	898D-438Y-D8
Male M12 Female M12		
2 — Safety-wire	ed Shorting Plug	898D-418U-DM
	Pin 1 <u>PWR</u> Pin 2 <u>OSSD 1+</u> Pin 3 <u>NA</u> Pin 4 <u>OSSD 2+</u> Pin 5 <u>NA</u>	

Conn	Connection			
	3 — 8-pin Device Patchcords			
1 meter, 8-pin		889D-F8ABDM-1		
2 meters, 8-pin		889D-F8ABDM-2		
5 meters, 8-pin		889D-F8ABDM-5		
10 meters, 8-pin		889D-F8ABDM-10		
	4 — 5-pin Patchcords			
1 meter, 5-pin		889D-F5ACDM-1		
2 meters, 5-pin		889D-F5ACDM-2		
5 meters, 5-pin		889D-F5ACDM-5		
10 meters, 5-pin		889D-F5ACDM-10		
	5 — 5-pin Cordsets			
2 meters, 5-pin		889D-F5AC-2		
5 meters, 5-pin		889D-F5AC-5		
10 meters, 5-pin		889D-F5AC-10		

(1) Add the letter "S" to above catalog numbers for stainless steel connectors; for example, 889DS-F5AC-1.

### **Auxiliary Output**

<u>Table 6</u> shows the auxiliary output functions. The auxiliary output is a 24V DC logic signal, whose function is dependent on the catalog number selected. The auxiliary signal responds independently of the OSSD safety outputs. The auxiliary output is not a safety-rated signal and must only be used to indicate the status of the switch.

### **Table 6 - Auxiliary Output Function**

Cat. No.	Function	Value
440G-LZS21* <b>P</b> **	Lock Status	24V when switch is unlocked OV when switch is locked
440G-LZS21* <b>T</b> **	Door Proximity	24V when guard door is open OV when guard door is closed

Catalog codes for both types are explained in <u>Catalog Numbers on page 10</u>.

IMPORTANT Door proximity models: Auxiliary output	Door proximity models: Auxiliary output changes state when the
actuator is in proximity to the switch I	actuator is in proximity to the switch body.
The proximity is such that the actuato	The proximity is such that the actuator is within 20 mm (0.79 in.)
(measured centerline of lock bolt to co	(measured centerline of lock bolt to centerline of the hole in the
actuator).	actuator).
	Can be used for door position if a latch is fitted such that a guard or door is either open or fully closed.

#### Table 7 - Lock Status Auxiliary Power to Release

Inputs			Outputs			
Door	Lock Control	OSSD Input	_	Lock Status	AUX	OSSD Output
Open	Off or On	High or Low		Unlocked	High 24V	Low OV
Closed	Off OV	Low OV	-	Locked	Low OV	Low OV
Closed	On 24V	Low OV		Unlocked	High 24V	Low OV
Closed	Off OV	High 24V	-	Locked	Low OV	High 24V
Closed	On 24V	High 24V	-	Unlocked	High 24V	Low OV

#### Table 8 - Lock Status Auxiliary Power to Lock

Inputs			
Door	Lock Control	OSSD Input	
Open	Off or On	High or Low	
Closed	Off OV	Low OV	
Closed	On 24V	Low OV	
Closed	Off OV	High 24V	
Closed	On 24V	High 24V	

Outputs			
Lock Status	AUX	OSSD Output	
Unlocked	High 24V	Low OV	
Unlocked	High 24V	Low OV	
Locked	Low OV	Low OV	
Unlocked	High 24V	Low OV	
Locked	Low OV	High 24V	

#### Table 9 - Door Proximity Auxiliary Power to Release

Inputs			
Door	Lock Control	OSSD Input	
Open	Off or On	High or Low	
Closed	Off OV	Low OV	
Closed	On 24V	Low OV	
Closed	Off OV	High 24V	
Closed	On 24V	High 24V	

Outputs				
Lock Status	AUX	OSSD Output		
Unlocked	High 24V	Low OV		
Locked	Low OV	Low OV		
Unlocked	Low OV	Low OV		
Locked	Low OV	High 24V		
Unlocked	Low OV	Low OV		

#### Table 10 - Door Proximity Auxiliary Power to Lock

	Inputs			Outputs	
Door	Lock Control	OSSD Input	Lock Status	AUX	OSSD Output
Open	Off or On	High or Low	Unlocked	High 24V	Low OV
Closed	Off OV	Low OV	Unlocked	Low OV	Low OV
Closed	On 24V	Low OV	Locked	Low OV	Low OV
Closed	Off OV	High 24V	Unlocked	Low OV	Low OV
Closed	On 24V	High 24V	Locked	Low OV	High 24V

### **Lock Command**

Table 11 shows the lock command function. The lock command is a 24V logic signal with a current of less than 5 mA. The function of the logic signal is dependent on the catalog number. The 24V power supply connection provides the power to operate the locking solenoid, which extends and retracts the locking bolt.

### **Table 11 - Lock Command Function**

Cat. No.	Function	Value
440G-LZS21** <b>R</b> *	Power to release	24V = Unlock OV = Lock
440G-LZS21** <b>L</b> *	Power to lock	24V = Lock OV = Unlock

Catalog codes for both types are explained in Catalog Numbers on page 10.

# Response Time When Connected in Series Circuit



# **Notes:**

Chapter 4 Wiring

# Commissioning

The 440G-LZ safety switch is available with standard coded actuators or unique coded actuators.

- Switches with standard coded actuators are ready for use and do not require commissioning.
- Switches with unique coded actuators need to be commissioned before use. The actuator teach process is not performed at the factory and must be performed when the switch is first put into use. After the first-time learn, this process can be repeated up to seven more times with unique coded replacement actuators.

**IMPORTANT** When the switch learns a new actuator, it no longer recognizes previously learned actuators.

Set-up

During commissioning, connect the switch as shown in Figure 9:

- Connect brown wire (PWR) to 24V DC.
- Connect blue wire (GND) to oV DC.
- Connect red wire (Safety A+) and yellow wire (Safety B+) to 24V DC.
- Connect green wire (Lock Command) to 24V DC.
- Safety A (gray) and Safety B (pink) optional, no connection required during commissioning
- Aux (white) optional, no connection required during commissioning

### Figure 9 - Wiring



# First Time Learn

Apply power to the switch without the actuator present. After the switch completes the power-sequence (approximately eight seconds), the LED flashes green eight times, indicating the total number of times a new actuator can be learned. This LED sequence repeats until an actuator is placed in the sensing field, or "guard-closed" position, of the switch.

#### Table 12 - Commissioning Process for Unique Coded Switches

State	Approximate Duration	LED Indicators
Step 1: Actuator Present	15 seconds	Flashing green, slow
Step 2: Verifying Actuator	15 seconds	Flashing red/green, slow
Step 3: Programming Switch	15 seconds	Flashing red/green, fast
Step 4: Program Finalization	15 seconds	Flashing green (number of times a new actuator can be learned)
Step 5: Ready State	_	Solid red (Power to Release) Solid green (Power to Lock)

# Learning Additional Replacement Actuators

The switch will automatically start a new learn process when a unique coded replacement actuator is placed in the sensing field, or "guard-closed" position, of the switch.

**IMPORTANT** When the switch learns a new actuator, it no longer recognizes previously learned actuators.

### Locking the Actuator Code

If the actuator is removed from the sensing field and then returned to the sensing field during the 15-second Program Finalization stage (see Step 4 in <u>Table 12</u>), this triggers the switch to LOCK the actuator code. This action can be performed during any of the eight unique coded actuator learn cycles.

**IMPORTANT** After a unique coded actuator is locked using this method, no additional replacement actuators can be learned by the switch for the remaining life of the switch. If the actuator is lost or damaged, the switch will need to be replaced.

### Error Codes during the Commissioning Process

The following indicator patterns repeat until a Power Off/On cycle is completed.

Status/Diagnostic Indicator	Error Code
Flashing green	OSSD inputs not valid
Red-red-green	Cannot learn a standard actuator
Red-red-green-green	Actuator already learned
Red-red-green-green	Bad RFID; actuator moved out of range
Red-red-green-green-green-green	Exceeded learning eight actuators
Red-red-green-green-green-green-green	Unit locked: cannot learn another actuator

### **Prove Basic Lock Function**

To prove basic lock function and to verify correct actuator alignment, it is necessary to extend the locking bolt electronically.

IMPORTANT	Do not extend the locking bolt mechanically.
	Using a tool to pull the bolt out of the switch can damage or cause misalignment of the magnet at the end of the bolt. This can cause uproliable operation of the switch

These basic connections are required:

- Pin 2 (brown wire) must be connected to 24V DC
- Pin 7 (blue wire) must be connected to oV (GND)

### **Power to Release**

With a Power to Release switch, the locking bolt extends when the guard is closed and the actuator is aligned. Connect Pin 3 (green wire) to 24V DC to unlock the switch and withdraw the locking bolt.

If power is removed from a Power to Release switch in the locked position, the locking bolt remains in its extended position (switch locked). Use the manual auxiliary release to unlock the switch.

### Power to Lock

With a Power to Lock switch, connect pin 3 (green wire) to 24V DC to lock the switch (for example, extend the locking bolt). When you disconnect pin 3, it unlocks the switch.

If power is removed from a Power to Lock switch in the locked position, the switch unlocks.

In either type of lock, the locking bolt never extends in the absence of the actuator.

### **Notes:**

# **Diagnostics and Troubleshooting**

# LED Indicators during Power-up Routine

# LED Indicators during Normal Operation

When power is applied to the switch, the green LED indicators flash slowly three times and then fast three times. See <u>Table 13</u> for LED status at the conclusion of the power-up routine.

<u>Table 13</u> shows the LED status of the Guardmaster<sup>®</sup> 440G-LZ guard locking safety switch during normal operation.

Table 13 - Switch Status during Normal Operation

Guard Status	Lock CMD	OSSD Input	Lock Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Status Indicator	OSSD Status	State
Open or closed	Unlock	Off or on	Unlocked	Solid red	Off	Safe
Open	Lock	Off or on	Unlocked	Fast flash green	Off	Safety Inputs (Safety A+ and Safety B+) are not connected to 24V DC or there is a demand on the device connected in series.
Closed	Lock	Off	Locked	Slow flash green	Off	Ready. Close guard door to lock
Closed	Lock	On	Locked	Solid green	On	Operational

(1) See Lock Command on page 27.

# Diagnosis of Switch Condition Using LED Indicators

### **LED Indicators Off**

When the LED indicators are OFF, Bulletin 440G-LZ is not connected properly to either the 24V power supply or ground. Check the power supply and the wiring to the switch. Check that the input voltage is within specification (measures between 20.4V and 26.4V DC).

### **LED Indicators Solid Green**

When the LED indicators are solid green, the switch is in the operational state. The guard door is closed and locked and the OSSD outputs are ON. This is normal operation and no action is required.

### **LED Indicators Solid Red**

When the LED indicators are solid red, the switch is in safe state, meaning the switch is unlocked.

To transition to operational state, close the door, and turn the lock command ON, see <u>Lock Command on page 27</u>.

### **LED Indicators Flash Green at 1 Hz**

When the LED indicators flash green at a 1 Hz rate, the switch is waiting for 24V DC to be applied to the OSSD input signals.

If the 440G-LZ is the only switch or the first switch in a series connection, check that the safety input signals Safety A+ (red wire) and Safety B+ (yellow wire) are connected to 24V DC.

In a series connection, check for a demand on the prior switch to determine why its OSSD outputs are OFF. See <u>Troubleshoot Series Circuit on page 38</u>.

### LED Indicators Flash Green at 4 Hz

When the LED indicators are flashing green at a 4 Hz rate, it indicates the Lock command is ON, but the guard door is in the open position (RFID signal is not detected).

If the guard door is confirmed closed and this condition continues, use a spare actuator to confirm the actuator is working properly.

### LED Indicators Repeat Flash Pattern—Green 3x, Red 1x

This LED flash pattern occurs when a condition exists that prevents the switch from locking or unlocking successfully. This condition can happen when the guard door is slightly ajar. Confirm that the guard door is closed all the way.

If the door is misaligned and the bolt cannot enter the actuator freely during locking, or if there is a mechanical load applied to the guard door during unlocking, it can also prevent the switch from locking or unlocking successfully. The locking bolt must be free to enter and withdraw from the hole in the actuator without binding.

Check to see if there is a mechanical load applied to the guard door that prevents the bolt from retracting.

**IMPORTANT** A separately mounted latch (mechanical or magnetic) is recommended to help maintain proper alignment of the guard door.

### LED Indicators Flash Red at 1 Hz

When the LEDs flash red at a 1 Hz rate, it indicates a fault condition caused by a possible short circuit. Check that the OSSD outputs are not shorted to ground (OV), 24V DC, or to each other. Cycle power to reset.

### **LED Indicators Flash Red at 4 Hz**

The LED indicators flash red at a 4 Hz rate when an inconsistency is detected with the RFID sensor. This may also happen when there is a condition that prevents the switch from performing as expected. A number of scenarios can cause this fault indication.

Possible Cause	Solution
Actuator moved out of range	The switch will fault if the actuator moves out of range. Check the guard door is rigid without sag. Alternatively, a separately mounted latch (mechanical or magnetic) is recommended to help maintain proper alignment of the guard door.
Cross talk between two switches	Adjacent switches are mounted too close to one another. Confirm minimum distance between any two adjacent switches is 200 mm (7.87 in.), see <u>Pair Proximity on page 19</u> .
Faulty actuator	Damage to one or to both of the reeds inside the actuator can cause intermittent behavior of the switch. Use a good actuator (known) with the switch to determine if the installed actuator is working properly.
Magnet misalignment	Do not extend the locking bolt mechanically. Use of a tool to pull the bolt out of the switch can damage or cause misalignment of the magnet at the end of the bolt. This can cause unreliable operation of the switch.
Failure to lock	Confirm that the guard door is closed all the way so that the bolt can enter the opening in the actuator without binding.
Failure to unlock	The locking bolt must be free to enter and withdraw from the hole in the actuator without binding. Check to see if there is a mechanical load applied to the guard door that prevents the bolt from retracting. Alternatively, use a door latch to prevent sagging of the guard door, which can cause binding.
Bolt unable to extend or retract	Confirm the switch isn't mounted near a source of metal particles. An accumulation of debris can prevent the bolt from extending or retracting. Power surges can cause permanent damage to the solenoid driver circuit. The 440G-LZ is designed to be used in a NEC Class 2 circuit. Connect the 440G-LZ to a dedicated Class 2 power supply or use electronic circuit protection (for example, cat. no. 1692-ZRCLSS) to confirm NEC Class 2 compliance. The switch may need to be replaced.
Lock command switched too quickly	It is recommended the locking frequency is limited to a 1 Hz maximum with 50% duty cycle (500 ms Lock, 500 ms Unlock).

Table 14 - Possible Causes of Flashing Red (4 Hz) Fault

# Diagnosis of Physical Switch Anomalies

### Mounting Holes of the Switch Body Cracked or Broken

The mounting holes of the switch body can crack when washers are used to mount the switch or when an incompatible thread locking compound is used to secure the mounting hardware. Three M5 fasteners are needed to properly mount the switch body. Washers are not required and when used can cause the holes to crack or break. Do not over torque the screws.

**IMPORTANT** Loctite 242 thread-locking adhesive is known to cause stress cracks in the 440G-LZ plastic housing and should not be used. Lab tests have determined that Loctite 425, a cyanoacrylate adhesive, does not cause cracking and can be considered if the faster cure time is acceptable in the application.

Check the manufacturer specifications of any thread-locking compound used to secure the screws. It is recommended to use a cyanoacrylate-type compound. Other compounds can cause stress cracks in the plastic feet of the switch.

### Locking Bolt Discolored and/or Corroded

Discoloration of the end of the locking bolt might be a sign of corrosion caused by incompatibility with a liquid used in the application.

Bulletin 440G-LZ is resistant to most alkaline clean-in-place (CIP) cleaners.

**IMPORTANT** Synergex is a cleaner that has been identified as marginally compatible.

It is recommended that the switch be thoroughly rinsed with water after exposure to CIP. This step prevents adverse effects that may occur with longterm exposure.

It is also recommended that the switch be mounted in the inverted position with the actuator at the bottom. This position allows liquids to drain away from the locking bolt.

### **Troubleshoot Series Circuit**



# **Application Examples**

The following application and wiring examples are intended to show how the 440G-LZ safety switch products can be applied. If you are the user or the designer, you may require variations to these examples in order to meet their specific requirements.

# Wiring to GLP Relay

The GLP safety relay is designed to operate with Power to Release (PTR) switches. To use a Power to Lock (PTL) switch, you must use an interposing relay on the lock command at GLP terminal 51. In the example shown in Figure 10, the GLP allows the gate to be unlocked when the motor is running at a Safely-limited Speed.



### Figure 10 - GLP and 440G-LZ Safety Switch Schematic

### **Circuit Status as Shown**

The gate is open and unlocked. The motor is off. The GLP is ready for reset. The GLP has a Logic setting of 3: (Safely-limited Speed with Logic IN OFF), a Safely-limited Speed (SLS1) setting of 5 (5 Hz) and a maximum (SLS2) speed setting of 8 (2000 Hz). The safety outputs (X14 & X24), the single wire safety output (L11), and the auxiliary output (Y32) are OFF.

**IMPORTANT** Start the GLP logic configuration from "O" to configure X14 and X24 for use as safety outputs.

### Starting

Close the gate and press Reset to lock the gate and turn on the GLP safety outputs. Press Start to turn the motor ON.

### **Safety-limited Speed**

A normal production stop is performed by pressing Stop. Access through the safety gate is initiated by pressing Gate Unlock Request. The Y32 output of the GLP turns ON and commands the PowerFlex® drive to bring the motor to a safe slow speed (Preset Freq 1). When the proximity sensors detect the speed has dropped below the Safely-limited Speed (5 Hz), the gate becomes unlocked. The operator can enter the machine cell, as the motor continues to run at the safe slow speed. After you leave the cell and close the gate, press Reset to lock the gate and return the machine to production speeds.

The circuit meets the safety requirements up to Category 3, Performance Level d in accordance with ISO 13849-1 and SIL CL 2 in accordance with IEC 62061.

### Wiring to GLT Relay

The GLT safety relay is designed to operate with PTR switches. To use a PTL switch, you must use an interposing relay on the lock command at terminal 51 of the GLP.

In this example shown in <u>Figure 11</u>, the GLT sends an immediate command to the drive to turn OFF. After eight seconds, the GLT turns off its safety outputs and unlocks the gate. The risk assessment must determine adequate time delay for the machine to achieve a safe state before unlocking the gate.



Figure 11 - GLT and 440G-LZ Safety Switch Schematic

Circuit status as shown: The gate is open and unlocked. The motor is off. The GLT is ready for reset. The GLT has a Logic setting of 3: (Category 1 Stop), a Range setting of 4 (10 seconds) and a Time setting of 8 (80%). The Y32 output turns OFF immediately; 8 seconds later, the safety outputs turn OFF.

The safety outputs (14 and 24) and the single wire safety output (L11) are OFF and the auxiliary output (Y32) is ON.

**IMPORTANT** Start the GLT logic configuration from "0" to configure 14 and 24 for use with pulse testing; the PF525 can operate with pulse tested inputs to S1 and S2.

### Starting

Close the gate. Press Reset and Gate Lock Request to lock the gate and turn on the GLT safety outputs. Press Start to turn the motor ON.

### Stopping

Normal production stops are performed by pressing Stop. Access through the safety gate is initiated by pressing the Gate Unlock Request. The Y32 output of the GLT turns OFF, which commands the PowerFlex drive to bring the motor to a stop. After the configured time delay (eight seconds) expires, the GLT safety outputs turn off, and the gate becomes unlocked. After you leave the cell and close the gate, press Reset to lock the gate and return the machine to a production state.

The circuit meets the safety requirements up to Category 3, Performance Level d in accordance with ISO 13849-1 and SIL CL 2 in accordance with IEC 62061.

### Wiring to DI and EMD Relay

The 440G-LZ safety switch can be connected to the DI and EMD safety relays. The DI monitors the safety outputs of the safety switch and the EMD enables the gate to be unlocked after a configured delay time expires.

B1 is connected to B2 to allow for retriggering. If you open and close the E-stop and press Reset before the delay expires, the EMD timer resets.

Upon initial power-up, the safety switch must be cycled for the DI to recognize the safety switch OSSD signals.

In the example shown in Figure 12 on page 42, an E-stop initiates the machine shutdown. After an eight-second delay, the safety switch is allowed to be unlocked and the hazards that remain are turned OFF. A selector switch is required to maintain the gate in an unlock state. The risk assessment must determine adequate time delay for the machine to achieve a safe state before unlocking the gate.



#### Figure 12 - DI with EMD and 440G-LZ Safety Switch Schematic

### **Circuit Status as Shown**

The E-stop is released. The gate is open and unlocked. K1, K2, K3, and K4 are OFF. The DI is configured for two inputs with monitored manual reset. The EMD is configured for 8-second off-delay; Range setting of 2 is 10 s, Time setting of 8 is 80% of the range. The X32 terminal is ON because the EMD safety outputs are OFF.

### Starting

With the Unlock switch open, close the gate. Press Reset to lock the gate and turn on the K1...K4 safety contactors.

### Stopping

Stopping is initiated by pressing the E-stop. K1 and K2 contactors turn off immediately. The single wire safety signal from the DI (L11) to the EMD (L12) also turns off immediately, and the EMD starts the off-delay timer. After 8 seconds, contactors K3 and K4 turn OFF and X32 goes to 24V. The unlock switch is enabled, and the gate can be unlocked. While the gate is unlocked, the DI cannot turn the safety outputs back ON. After you leave the cell and close the gate, open the unlock switch to lock the gate, and release the E-stop.

The circuit can meet the safety requirements up to Category 4, Performance Level e in accordance with ISO 13849-1 and SIL CL 3 in accordance with IEC 62061.

### Wiring to DG Relay

The 440G-LZ safety switch can be used in GuardLink® applications. The GuardLink system:

- Is designed to operate with Power to Release switches,
- Uses taps to connect a series of devices to one relay,
- Provides control and status information between the machine control system and the safety system.

Figure 13 shows four 440G-LZ safety switches that are connected on two GuardLink circuits from one DG relay. The DG relay can accommodate up to 32 devices on each input. The devices can be a mix of many different safety devices. When guard locking devices are included in the GuardLink system, the lock/unlock command must come from the machine control system through the 440R-ENETR module.

See publication <u>440R-UM015</u> for further details.

Figure 13 - DG with 440G-LZ Safety Switch Schematic



### Wiring to CR30 Relay

The CR30 is a software configurable relay that can easily interface with the 440G-LZ guard locking safety switch. Version 10 and later of Connected Components Workbench™ has a locking function that is useful for guard locking applications.

<u>Figure 14</u> shows an example schematic. The CR30 monitors the motor running signal from the PowerFlex 525. When the motor is not running, the safety gate can be unlocked, and the PowerFlex 525 goes to a Safe Torque Off state.





<u>Figure 15 on page 45</u> shows an example CR30 configuration that works with the schematic in <u>Figure 14</u>.

The safety switch OSSD outputs drive the Safe Torque Off (STO) signals of the PowerFlex 525. The STO is enabled after the gate is locked and the Reset is pressed. The PowerFlex 525 STO inputs can tolerate the pulse test that is generated by the CR30 outputs.

The Lock\_Ctrl\_1 block controls the unlock command to the safety switch. The unlock Stop Time delay is set to five seconds, and the ULR Latch (Unlock Request) is set to ON. When an unlock request is made, the command is issued five seconds after the motor stops running, and the unlock request is latched ON.



#### Figure 15 - CR30 Configuration in CCW

### Wiring to 1734 POINT Guard I/O

The 440G-LZ safety switch can be connected to a 1734 POINT Guard I/O<sup>™</sup>. The cordset (catalog number 889D-F8NB) has 24 AWG wires, which allows three wires to be connected to one terminal.

<u>Figure 16</u> shows a wiring example of a Power-to-Lock switch with a Door Status auxiliary signal. The PLC logic checks to see if the door is closed before issuing a lock command. The schematic for this example is shown in <u>Figure 21</u> <u>on page 48</u>.





Figure 17 shows the General tab of the 1734-IB8S Module Properties.

The Input Status must be set to "Combined Status – Power – Muting" as this setting is used by the Dual Channel Input Stop (DCS) logic block to verify that the 1734-IB8S switch is operational. The Output Data must be set to "Test," as the test outputs are used to generate test pulses for the output contactors, K1 and K2.

Figure 17 - 1734-IB8S Module Properties - General

Vendor: Parent	Rockwell Automation/Allen-8	Radley			
Nome:	1885_B		Module Number:	1 ~	
Description:	Ser B	Û	Safety Network Number:	3F78_0450_9C2A	
Module Definitio					
Series:	8	Change			
Revision:	2.1				
Electronic Keyi	ng: Compatible Module				
Configured By:	This Controller				
Input Data:	Safety				
Output Data:	Test Combined Status De				
input otatus.	Comoneo Status-Por	wer-niverig			

<u>Figure 18 on page 47</u> shows the Input Configuration tab of the 1734-IB8S switch Module Properties.

In this example, Points 0 and 1 monitor the OSSD outputs of the 440G-LZ safety switch. The Type is set to Single and the Mode must be set to Safety. Set the On- Off- delay time to 6 ms to filter out the test pulses from the 440G-LZ safety switch.

Points 2 and 3 monitor the status of the output contactors, K1 and K2. The Type should be set to Single. The discrepancy time will be dependent on the contactor device. A value other than 30 ms is suggested to prevent nuisance faults over the life of the contactors; other values can be more appropriate. Set Mode to Safety Pulse Test. Safety pulse testing is used to detect potential faults in the monitoring circuit.

Point 4 monitors the auxilary output of the safety switch. The auxiliary output indicates whether or not the gate is closed. Set Type to Single and Mode to Standard.

eneral	Connection Safe	ety Module Info Ir	put Configuration Te	est Output			
	Point C	Operation		Test	Input Delay	Time (ms)	
Point	Туре	Discrepancy Time (ms)	Point Mode	Source	Off->On	On->Off	
0	Single	0 -	Safety	None 🗸	0 ᆃ	6 ≑	
1	~	•	Safety	None 🗸	0 🌲	6 🌲	
2	Single	0 -	Safety Pulse Test 🕓	0 🗸	0 🌲	0 🗘	
3	~		Safety Pulse Test 🕓	1 🗸	0 🌲	0 🜲	
4	Single	0 -	Standard V	None 🗸	0 ≑	0 🗘	
5		. <u>-</u>	Not Used	None 🗸	0 🌲	0 🌲	
6	Single	0 -	Not Used	None 🗸	0 🌲	0 🗘	
7	Ť	-	Not Used 🕓	None 🗸	0 🔹	0 ≑	
nout F	rror Latch Time:	100 -	ns				

#### Figure 18 - 1734-IB8S Module Properties - Input Configuration

Figure 19 shows the Test Output tab of the 1734-IB8S Module Properties.

In this example, Points 0 and 1 are set to Pulse Test as these points help check the integrity of the contactors K1 and K2, to be sure they are off before the logic program energizes the contactors.

Points 2 and 3 are set to Standard. Point 2 is the LOCK command. Point 3 applies power to the safety switch, as well as, supplies power to the OSSD inputs. By setting it to Standard, you can programmatically turn these points OFF and ON.

Figure 19 - 1734-IB8S Module Properties -Test Output

🖞 Modul	e Properties	AENT	B62:1 (173	4-IB8S 2.001) ×	📒 SafetyPro	xgram - LZ_17	34_DCSTL	🥏 Program I	Parameters and
General	Connection	Safety	Module Info	Input Configuration	Test Output				
Point	Point Mode	9							
0	Pulse Test	×							
2	Standard	V							
3	Standard	$\sim$							
Status: Of	fline					OK	Cancel	Apply	Help

Figure 20 shows the General Tab of the 1734-OB8S Module Properties.

The Input Data Status can be set to None. The Output Data must be set to Safety, as it is controlling the output safety contactors.

Figure 20 - 1734-0B8S Module Properties - General

Type: Vendor: Parent:	1734-088S 8 Point 24V DC S Rockwell Automation/Allen-E AENTR_B62	ource Output Bradley			
Name:	088S_B		Module Number:	2 ~	
Description:	Ser B	<b>^</b>	Safety Network Number:	3F7B_0450_9C2A	
Module Defini Series: Revision: Electronic Key Configured By	B 2.1 ying: Compatible Module r. This Controller Nace	Change			
Input Data: Output Data: Input Status: Data Format:	None Safety Pt. Status Integer				

<u>Figure 21</u> shows the Output Configuration tab of the 1734-OB8S switch Module Properties.

Points 0 and 1 drive the output contactors K1 and K2. For both points, Type is set to Dual, and the Mode is set to Safety Pulse Test.

Figure 21 - 1734-OB8S Module Properties - Output Configuration

Point	Point Operation Type	Point Mode	
0	Dual	Safety Pulse Test 🖂	
1	Ľ	Safety Pulse Test 🖂	
2	Dual	Not Used	
3	Ľ	Not Used 🗠	
4	Dual	Not Used	
5	Ň	Not Used 🗠	
6	Dual	Not Used 🗸	
7	Ň	Not Used	

Figure 22 shows an example logic program.

A Dual Channel Input Stop (DCS) function block monitors the safety switch and a Configurable Redundant Output (CROUT) function block control contactors K1 and K2.



	The Dual Channel Input Stop monitors the	e OSSD outputs of the L2.
	when the gate is LOCKED, the OSSD outputs turn of	DCS
0		DCS LZ_DCS
		Safety Function SAFETY GATE (01)
		Input Type EQUIVALENT - ACTIVE HIGH
		Discrepancy Time (Msec) 10 (FP)
		Cold Start Type AUTOMATIC
		Channel A AENTR_B62:1:I.Pt00Data
		Channel B AENTR_B62:1:LPt01Data
		0+ Input Status AENTR_B62:1:I.CombinedInputStatus
		Reset LZ_HMI_DCS_Block_Reset
	When the safety gate is closed and locked and the feedback signals are present, !	the Configurable Redundant Output block turns its two outputs ON.
		CROUT
1		Eadback Tupa NECATIVE 01
		Feedback Reaction Time (Msec) 100
		Actuate LZ_DCS.01 -(02)-
		Feedback 1 AENTR_B62:1:I.Pt02Data -<
		Feedback 2 AENTR_B62:1:I.Pt03Data
		Input Status AENTR_B62:1:I.CombinedInputStatus
		Output Status AENTR_B62:2:I.RunMode
		Reset LZ_CROUT.Reset
2	LZ_CROUT.01	AENTR_B62:2:0.Pt00Data
-	LZ_CROUT.02	AENTR_B62:2:O.Pt01Data
3		()
	When the LZ Aux signal is LO, the safety gate is	CLOSED and ready to be locked.
	A signal is sent to the AENTR_B62:1:LPt04Data	e HMI. LZ_HMI_Gate_Closed
4	/[	
	The Lock signal is supplied by Test Output 2, where the supplied by Test Output 2, wh	hich is set to standard operation.
	in the gate is closed, then a LOOK comme	
	The HML Lock Command is a momentary button on th	he HMI. The lock signal is latched ON
	The HMI_Lock_Command is a momentary button on the	he HMI. The lock signal is latched ON.
6	AENTR_862:11:Pt04Data LZ_HML_Lock_Command is a momentary button on t/	AENTR_B62:1:O.Test02Data
5	AENTR_662:11.P104Data LZ_HMI_Lock_Command is a momentary button on the AENTR_662:11.P104Data LZ_HMI_Lock_Command	he HMI. The lock signal is latched ON. AENTR_B62:1:0.Test02Data Common common common etors actuated the machine can start
5	AENTR_B62:11:Pt04Data LZ_HMI_Lock_Command: a momentary button on the MENTR_B62:11:Pt04Data LZ_HMI_Lock_Command With the safety gate closed and locked and the contart In this rung, the Machine_Star_Command is a momentary in Replace this rung with appropriate Dig	the HMI. The lock signal is latched ON. AENTR_B62:1:0.Test02Data Cors actuated, the machine can start. put that latches the Machine_Run_Mode ON. is to start the machine.
5	The HML_Lock_Command is a momentary button on the     AENTR_B52:11:Pt04Data LZ_HML_Lock_Command     With the safety gate closed and locked and the contax     In this rung, the Machine_Start_Command is a momentary in     Replace this rung with appropriate logi     LZ_CROUT.01 LZ_CROUT.02 Machine_Start_Command	the HMI. The lock signal is latched ON. AENTR_B62:1:0.Test02Data Constructed, the machine can start. Sput that latches the Machine_Run_Mode ON. It to start the machine. Machine_Run_Mode
6	AENIR 852-11.Pt04Data LZ_HMI_Lock_Commands a momentary button on the AENIR 852-11.Pt04Data LZ_HMI_Lock_Command With the safety gate closed and locked and the context In this rung, the Machine_Start_Command is a momentary many the appropriate loging LZ_CROUT.01 LZ_CROUT.02 Machine_Start_Command	the HMI. The lock signal is latched ON. AENTR_B62:1:0.Test02Data ctors actuated, the machine can start. put that latches the Machine, Run_Mode ON. ic to start the machine. Machine, Run_Mode
6	In this rung, the Machine Stop Command is a momentary button on the     AENTR B52-11-P104Data LZ_HMI_Lock_Command     With the safety gate closed and locked and the contax     In this rung, the Machine_Stan_Command is a momentary in the momentary in the Machine_Stan_Command     LZ_CROUT.01 LZ_CROUT.02 Machine_Stan_Command is a momentary in the Machine_Stan_Comma	he HMI. The lock signal is latched ON. AENTR_B52.1.0.Test02Data Cors actuated the machine can start. The blachine Run_Mode ON. Is to start the machine. Machine_Run_Mode amachine must stop.
6	AENIR_B6211.P040bat LZ_HMI_Lock_Commands is a momentary button on the AENIR_B6211.P040bat LZ_HMI_Lock_Command With the safety gate closed and locked and the contact in this rung, the Machine_Start_Command is a momentary in the safety gate. The AENIE Command is a momentary in the safety gate. The Machine_Start_Command is a momentary in the safety gate. The In this rung, the Machine_Start_Command is a momentary in the safety gate. The In this rung, the Machine_Start_Command is a momentary in the safety gate. The Machine_Start_Command is a momentary in the safety gate. The Machine_Start_Command is a momentary in the safety gate. The In this rung. The Machine_Start_Command is a momentary in the safety gate. The Machine_Start_Command is a momentary in the sa	tors actuated, the machine can start. put that latches the Machine, Run_Mode ON. Machine, Run_Mode ON. It o start the machine. Machine, Run_Mode emachine must stop. latches the Machine, Run_Mode and stops the machine.
6	AENTR 852-11/P040ata LZ_HMI_Lock_Command is a momentary button on tr AENTR 852-11/P040ata LZ_HMI_Lock_Command With the safety gate closed and locked and the contar In this rug, the Machine_Stan_Command LZ_CROUT.01 LZ_CROUT.02 Machine_Stan_Command Before unlocking the safety gate, the In this rug, the Machine_Stop_Command is a momentary input that un Replace this rung with appropriate logi Machine_Stop_Command	the HMI. The lock signal is latched ON. AENTR_B52:1:0.Test02Data ctors actuated, the machine can start. put that latches the Machine_Run_Mode ON. is to start the machine. machine must stop. latches the Machine_Run_Mode and stops the machine. is to stop the machine. Machine_Run_Mode
6	AENITE 852-11.P104Data LZ_HMI_Lock_Commands a momentary button on the ALMI_Lock Command and the contact in this rung, the Machine_Start_Command is a momentary in Replace this rung with appropriate loging LZ_CROUT.01 LZ_CROUT.02 Machine_Start_Command Before unlocking the safety gate, the In this rung, the Machine_Stop_Command is a momentary input that un Replace this rung with appropriate loging Machine_Stop_Command is a momentary input that un Replace this rung with appropriate loging Machine_Stop_Command is a momentary input that un Replace this rung with appropriate loging Machine_Stop_Command Replace this rung with appropriate loging Machine_Stop_Co	the HMI. The lock signal is latched ON. AENTR_B62:1:0.Test02Data Core actuated the machine can start. (put that latches the Machine, Run_Mode ON. is to start the machine. In Machine, Run_Mode e machine must stop. I atches the Machine, Run_Mode and stops the machine. Is to stop the machine. Machine, Run_Mode U
6	In the Hull_Lock_Command is a momentary button on the     AENIR 852-11.Pt04Data LZ_HMI_Lock_Command     With the safety gate closed and locked and the contax     In this rung, the Machine_Start_Command     LZ_CROUT.01 LZ_CROUT 02 Machine_Start_Command     LZ_CROUT.01 LZ_CROUT 02 Machine_Start_Command     Bafore unlocking the safety gate, the     In this rung, the Machine_Start_Command is a momentary input that unit     Replace this rung with appropriate logi     Machine_Stop_Command     With the machine_stop_command is as momentary logut that unit     Machine_Stop_Command     With the machine stop command issued, the unloc	the HMI. The lock signal is latched ON. AENTR_B62:10.Test02Data 
5 6 7	AENTR B52-11 Pt04Data LZ_HMI_Lock_Commands is a momentary button on tr     AENTR B52-11 Pt04Data LZ_HMI_Lock_Command     With the safety gate closed and locked and the conta.     In this rung, the Machine_Stan_Command is a momentary input that un     Before unlocking the safety gate, the     In this rung, the Machine_Stap_Command is a momentary input that un     Replace this rung with appropriate logi     Machine_Stap_Command is a momentary input that un     Replace this rung with appropriate logi     Machine_Stap_Command is a momentary input that un     Machine_Stop_Command is a source and the unloc     In this example, the Unlock command tars a 3000 mill-second delay timer than	the HMI. The lock signal is latched ON. AENTR_B62.1.0.Test02Data Constructed the machine can start. The Machine, Run_Mode ON. Is to start the machine, Run_Mode ON. Is to start the machine, Run_Mode and stops the machine. Is to stop the machine, Run_Mode and stops the machine. Is to stop the machine, Run_Mode and stops the machine. Is to stop the machine, Run_Mode and stops the machine. Is to stop the machine and the LZ. Is allows the machine to come to a stop or a safely-limited speed.
6	In the Hull_cock_Commands is a momentary button on the     AENIR 852-11.Pt04Data     LZ_HMI_Lock_Command     With the safety gate closed and locked and the contain     In this rung, the Machine_Start_Command     LZ_CROUT.01     LZ_CROUT.02     Machine_Start_Command     Before unlocking the safety gate. the     In this rung, the Machine_Start_Command is a momentary integrate logi     Machine_Start_Command     With the machine storp command issued, the unlock     In this rung with appropriate logi     Machine_Stop_Command     With the machine stop command issued, the unlock     In this example, the Unlock command starts a 3000 milli-second delay timer that     The HMI_Unlock Command starts a 3000 milli-second delay timer that	AENTR_B62: 10. Test02Data  Constraints and the machine can start.  Constraints and the machine can start.  Constraints and the machine.  Machine Run_Mode ON.  Machine Run_Mode  machine must stop.  atches the Machine, Run_Mode and stops the machine.  It to stop the machine.  Machine Run_Mode  ck command can be sent to the L2.  at allows the michine to come to a stop or a safely-limited speed.  do to stop ON to a stop size daily-limited speed.
6	In this Null_Lock_Command is a momentary button on the     AENIR 852-11.PU4Data     LZ_HMI_Lock_Command     With the safety gate closed and locked and the contain     In this rung, the Machine_Stan_Command is a momentary in propriate logi     LZ_CROUT.01     LZ_CROUT.02     Machine_Stan_Command is a momentary input that unit     Replace this rung with appropriate logi     Before unlocking the safety gate, the     In this rung, the Machine_Stan_Command is a momentary input that unit     Replace this rung with appropriate logi     Machine_Stop_Command is a momentary input that unit     Machine_Stop_Command is a solution     With the machine stop command issued, the unlock     In this axample, the Unlock command stars a 3000 millisecond delay timer that     The WML Unlock_Command proton that must be configure     The user may employ other methods, for example proximity sensors or Back EMF; I Machine_Mode_LZ_1 EMI Unlock_Command	HMII. The lock signal is latched ON:
5 6 7	In the Hull_cock_Command is a momentary button on the     AENIR 862-11.Pt04Data     LZ_HMI_cock_Command     With the safety gate closed and locked and the contail     In this rung, the Machine_Start_Command     LZ_CROUT.01     LZ_CROUT.02     Machine_Start_Command     Before unlocking the safety gate. the     In this rung, the Machine_Start_Command     Before unlocking the safety gate. the     In this rung, the Machine_Start_Command     With the machine stop command issued, the unloc     In this scample, the Unlock command is a momentary button that must be configure     The user may employ other methods, for example proximity sensors or Back EMF, th     Machine_Nam_Mode     LZ_HMI_Unlock_Command	HMII. The lock signal is latched ON:     AENTR_B52.1.0.Test02Data     tors actuated, the machine can start.     you that latches the Machine, Run_Mode ON.     ic to start the machine. Machine, Run_Mode e machine must stop.     latches the Machine, Run_Mode and stops the machine.     ic to stop the machine to can to a stop or a safely-limited speed.     wid to stop ON as long as the delay time Preset time.     to verify the machine has stopped or a varieved a safely-limited speed.     Transer: 22 tothoodar boxemment
5 6 7 8	In the Hull_cock_Commands is a momentary button on the     AENIR 862-11.Pt04Data LZ_HML_cock_Command     With the safety gate closed and locked and the contail     In this rung, the Machine_Start_Command is a momentary in the appropriate logi     LZ_CROUT.01 LZ_CROUT 02 Machine_Start_Command     Bafore unlocking the safety gate, the     In this rung, the Machine_Stop_Command is a momentary input that unit     Machine_Stop_Command     With the machine stop command is asserted by the unlock     In this rung, the Machine_Stop_Command is a momentary logit that have     Machine_Stop_Command     With the machine stop command issued, the unlock     In this example, the Unlock command starts a 3000 millisecond delay timer that     The user may employ other methods, for example proximity sensors of Back EMF, th Machine_MM_Mode LZ_HML_Unlock_Command	HMI. The lock signal is latched ON.     AENTR_B62.1.0.Test02Data     tors actuated, the machine can start.     port that latches the Machine, Run_Mode ON.     ic to start the machine.     Machine Run_Mode a machine must stop.     latches the Machine, Run_Mode and stops the machine.     ic to stop the machine.     Machine, Run_Mode a machine must stop.     latches the Machine, Run_Mode and stops the machine.     ic to stop the machine.     Machine, Run_Mode     do stay ON for a long as the day imar Preset time.     to verify the machine has stopped or achieved a safely-limited speed.     Towner Ziencke: Dosay time?     Yeest     S000 - CNN-
5 6 7 8	AENIR 852-11.P104Data LZ_HMI_Lock_Commands is a momentary butten on tr AENIR 852-11.P104Data LZ_HMI_Lock_Command With the safety gate closed and locked and the conta In this rung, the Machine_Star_Command Explore this rung with appropriate logi LZ_CROUT.01 LZ_CROUT.02 Machine_Star_Command Before unlocking the safety gate, the In this rung, the Machine_Stop_Command is a momentary input that un Replace this rung with appropriate logi Machine_Stop_Command With the machine stop command issued, the unloc In this scample, the Unlock command is a momentary button that must be configured The user may employ other methods, for example proximity sensors or Back EMF, tr Machine_Run_Mode LZ_HMI_Unlock_Command	The HMI. The lock signal is latched ON. AENTR_B82.1:0.Test02Data Ctors actuated, the machine can start. Tops that latches the Machine, Run_Mode ON. Is to start the machine, Run_Mode and stops the machine, Run_Mode machine must stop. Is to stop the machine, Run_Mode and stops the machine, Run_Mode Command can be sent to the LZ. Is allows the machine has stopped or a safely-limited speed. Is very the machine has stoped or a valley-limited speed. Is very the machine has stoped or a valley-limited speed. Is very the machine has stoped or a valley-limited speed. Is very the machine has stoped or a valley-limited speed. Is very the machine has stoped or a valley-limited speed. Is very the machine has stoped or a valley-limited speed. Is very the machine has stoped or valleyed as 400 valley of valley in the speed. Is very the machine has stoped or valleyee valley valley in the speed. Is very the machine has stoped or valleyee valley valley valleyee valleyee valley valleyee vall
5 6 7 8	In the Null_Lock_Commands is a momentary button on the     AENIR 852-11.Pt04Data LZ_HMI_Lock_Command     With the safety gate closed and locked and the contail     In this rung, the Machine_Start_Command is a momentary in the appropriate logi     LZ_CROUT.01 L2_CROUT.02 Machine_Start_Command     Before unlocking the safety gate. that unit has rung, the Machine_Start_Command is a momentary input that unit Replace this rung with appropriate logi     Machine_Stop_Command     With the machine stop command issued, the unlock     In this rung, the Machine_Stop_Command is a momentary lotten that the unlock     In this example, the Unlock command starts a 3000 mill-second delay timer that     The user may employ other methods, for example proximity sensors or Back EMF, the Machine_Mode LZ_HMI_Unlock_Command     After the unlock delay timer expires, the Uncoc	AENTR_B62:10.Test02Data
5 6 7 8	AENIR 852-11.P040data LZ_HMLLock_Commands is a momentary button on the ANIR 852-11.P040data LZ_HMLLock_Command With the safety gate closed and locked and the coata In this rung, the Machine_Start_Command Explose this rung with appropriate loging LZ_CROUT.01 LZ_CROUT.02 Machine_Start_Command Before unlocking the safety gate, the In this rung, the Machine_Stort_Command is a momentary in Machine_Stort_Command Machine_Stort_Command is a momentary button that und The user may amploy other methods, for example proximity sensors or Back LMF. I Machine_Run_Mode LZ_HML_Unlock_Command After the unlock delay timer expires, the Uncord The user may and the safety set on the uncord After the unlock delay timer expires, the Uncord The user may and the safety the Uncord After the unlock delay timer expires, the Uncord The user may and the safety the Uncord After the unlock delay timer expires, the Uncord The unlock command unlatches (tums OFF) The user may and the safety the Uncord After the unlock delay timer expires, the Uncord The unlock command unlatches (tums OFF) The user may and the safety the Uncord The unlock command unlatches (tums OFF) The unlock command unlatches (tums OFF) The uncord safety the Uncord The unlock command unlatches (tums OFF) The uncord safety the uncord safety the uncord The uncord safety the uncord The uncord safety the u	ALEXANDER SEARCH STREAM S
5 6 7 8	In the Null_Lock_Command is a momentary button on the     AENIR B52-11/P04Data LZ_HMI_Lock_Command     With the safety gate closed and locked and the contail     In this rung, the Machine_Start_Command is a momentary in the safety gate. The     It this rung the Machine_Start_Command is a momentary input that un     Replace this rung with appropriate logi     It this rung, the Machine_Start_Command is a momentary input that un     Replace this rung with appropriate logi     Machine_Stop_Command     With the machine stop command issued, the unlock     It this rung, the Machine_Stop_Command is a momentary input that un     Replace this rung with appropriate logi     Machine_Stop_Command     With the machine stop command issued, the unlock     In this rung, the Vilock_Command is a momentary button that must be configure     The user may employ often machines, free runging proteinity sensors or Back EMF, the     Machine_Run_Mode LZ_HMI_Unlock_Command     After the unlock delay timer expires, the Unco     The unlock command unlatches (turns OFF     LZ_Uhlock_Delay_Timer.DN	AFMIT_B62: signal is latched ON:     AENTR_B62:1:0.Test02Data     Constraints of the Machine, Run_Mode ON:     actives actuated, the machine, Run_Mode ON:     ic to start the machine, Run_Mode ON:     actives the Machine, Run_Mode and stops the machine.     actives the Machine, Run_Mode and stops the machine.     ic to stop the machine to come to a stop or a safely-limited speed.     ic to stop the machine has stopped or achieved a safely-limited speed.     ic to stop the machine has stopped or achieved a safely-limited speed.     ic to stop the machine has stopped or achieved a safely-limited speed.     ic to stop the machine has stopped or achieved a safely-limited speed.     ic to stop the machine has stopped or achieved a safely-limited speed.     ic to stop the machine has stopped or achieved a safely-limited speed.     ic to stop the machine has stopped or achieved a safely-limited speed.     ic to stop the machine has stopped or achieved a safely-limited speed.     ic to stop the machine has stopped or achieved a safely-limited speed.     ic to stop the machine has stopped or achieved a safely-limited speed.     ic to stop the machine has stopped or achieved a safely-limited speed.     ic to stop the machine has stopped or achieved a safely-limited speed.     ic to stop the machine has stopped or achieved a safely-limited speed.     ic to stop the machine has stopped or achieved a safely-limited speed.     ic to stop the machine has stopped or achieved a safely-limited speed.     ic to stop the machine has stopped or achieved a safely-limited speed.     ic to stop the machine has stopped or achieved a safely-limited speed.     ic to stop the machine has stopped or achieved a safely-limited speed.     ic to stop the stopped or achieved a safely-limited speed.     ic to stop the stopped or achieved a safely-limited speed.     ic to stop the stopped or achieved a safely-limited speed.     ic to stop the stopped or achieved a safely-limited speed.     ic to stop the stopped or achieved a safely-limited
5 6 7 8 9	In the Null_Lock_Commands a momentary button on the     AENIR 852-11.Pt04Data LZ_HML_Lock_Command     With the safety gate closed and locked and the contail     In this rung, the Nachine_Start_Command is a momentary in the appropriate log     LZ_CROUT.01 LZ_CROUT 02 Machine_Start_Command     Replace this rung with appropriate log     LZ_CROUT.01 LZ_CROUT 02 Machine_Start_Command     Replace this rung with appropriate log     LZ_CROUT.01 LZ_CROUT 02 Machine_Start_Command     Replace this rung with appropriate log     Machine_Stop_Command is a momentary input that unit     Machine_Stop_Command is a momentary input that unit     The With the machine stop command issued, the unlock     In this scample, the Unlock command starts a 3000 millisecond delay timer that     The With Unlock_Command     After the unlock dalay timer expires, the Uncoc     The unlock command unlatches (turns CFF     L2_Unlock_Delay_Timer.DN	AENTR_B62.1.0.Test02Data
5 6 7 8 9	In the Null Lock_Command is a momentary button on the     AENIR B52-11/P04Data     LZ_HMI_Lock_Command     With the safety gate closed and locked and the contain     In this rung, the Machine_Start_Command     LZ_CROUT.01     LZ_CROUT.02     Machine_Start_Command     Before unlocking the safety gate, the     In this rung, the Machine_Start_Command     Before unlocking the safety gate, the     In this rung, the Machine_Start_Command     Before unlocking the safety gate, the     In this rung, the Machine_Start_Command     Before unlocking the safety gate, the     In this rung, the Machine_Stop_Command is a momentary linguith appropriate logi     Machine_Stop_Command     With the machine stop command issued, the unlock     In this axample, the Unlock command is a momentary button that must be configue     The user may employ other methods, for example proximity sensors or Back EMF, th     Machine_Ran_Mode     LZ_HMILUNICK_Command     After the unlock datay timer expires, the Unco     The unlock command unlatches (turns OFF     LZ_Unlock_Delay_Timer.DN     Forver to the LZ is supplied by Test Output 3, with	AENTR_B52.1.0.Test02Data  AENTR_B52.1.0.Test02Data  Constant and the machine can start.  put that lackes the Machine, Run_Mode ON.  It is the machine Machine, Run_Mode ON.  It is the machine Machine, Run_Mode and stops the machine.  It is to start the machine.  Machine, Run_Mode  It is the machine Aun_Mode and stops the machine.  It is to stop the machine.  It is to stop the machine to a stop or a stafty-limited speed.  It is the machine has stopped or a stafty-limited speed.  It is to stop or a stafty-limited speed.  It is to stop the machine has stopped or a stafty-limited speed.  It is to stop the start to the L2.  Prost 3000 + CDN  AENTR_B52.1.0.Test02Data  It is set to standard operation.
5 6 7 8 9	In the Null_Lock_Commands is a momentary button on the     AENIR 852-11.PU4Data     LZ_HMI_Lock_Command     With the safety gate closed and locked and the contail     In this roug, the Machine_Start_Command     LZ_CROUT.01     LZ_CROUT.02     Machine_Start_Command     Before unlocking the safety gate. that     In this roug, the Machine_Start_Command     Before unlocking the safety gate. that     In this roug, the Machine_Start_Command     Before unlocking the safety gate. that     In this roug, the Machine_Start_Command     With the machine stop command is a momentary long that un     Replace this roug with appropriate logi     Machine_Stop_Command     With the machine stop command issued, the unlock     In this example, the Unlock command starts a 3000 mill-second delay timer that     The user may employ other methods, for example proximity sensors or Back EMF, I     Machine_Rum_Mode     LZ_HMI_Unlock_Command     After the unlock delay timer expires, the Uncoc     The unlock command unlatches (turns OFF     LZ_Unlock_Delay_Timer.DN     Pomer to the LZ is supplied by Test Output 3, wh     ALIC_context is used to pomer the safeth O13	AENTR_B62.1.0.Test02Data AENTR_B62.1.0.Test02D
5 6 7 8 9	AENIR 852-11/P040ata     LZ_HM Lock Commands     AENIR 852-11/P040ata     LZ_HM Lock Command     With the safety gate closed and locked and the costat     In this rung, the Machine_Star_Command     Septece this rung with appropriate logi     LZ_CROUT.01     LZ_CROUT.02     Machine_Star_Command     Before unlocking the safety gate, the     In this rung, the Machine_Stop_Command is a momentary in     Machine_Stop_Command     With the machine stop command issued, the unloc     In this scample, the Unlock command is a momentary button that must be configure     The user may amply other matcheds, for example proximal sensors or Back EMF, th     Machine_Run_Mode     LZ_HMI_Unlock_Command     After the unlock delay timer expires, the Unco     The unlock command unlatches (turns OFF     LZ_Unlock_Delay_Timer.DN     Power to the LZ is supplied by Test Oucpot 3, wh     ANC, contact is used to power to be LZ in supplex by Line King and the lock of by the sensors of back EMF, to     ANC. Social is used to power to be LZ in supplied by Test Oucpot 3, wh     ANC, contact is used to power to be LZ in supplex observed to be LZ in supreserved to be LZ in supreserved to be LZ in supreserved to be LZ	AENTR_852.10.Test02Data  AENTR_852.10.Test02Data  Command is set to the L2.  F) the lock signal to the L2.  Command is set to the L2.  AENTR_852.10.Test02Data  AENTR_852.10.Test05  AENTR_852.10.Test02Data  AENTR_852.10.Te

### Wiring to 1732 ArmorBlock Guard I/O

The 440G-LZ can be connected to a 1732ES or 1732DS ArmorBlock<sup>®</sup> by using an 871A-TS5-DM1 field attachable connector. The cordset 889D-F8NB has 24 AWG wires; which allows three wires connected to one pin. An example schematic is shown in Figure 23 on page 50.

As an alternative, the user can use an 871A-TS8-D1 field attachable connector at the 440G-LZ and a 5-wire cordset (889D-M5NC-x)





<u>Figure 24</u> shows the General Tab of the ArmorBlock Module Properties. The Input Status must be set to "Combined Status – Muting" and the Output Data must be set to "Combined."

Figure 24 - Module Properties — General

🖞 Module Prop	erties: EN3TR	(1732ES-IB1	2XOB4 1.011)	×				
General Conne	ection Safety	Module Info	Internet Protocol	Port Configuration	Network	Input Configuration	Test Output	Output Configu
Type: Vendor: Parent: Name: Description:	1732ES-IB12X Rockwell Auto EN3TR IB12XOB4 ArmorBlock I	OB4 12 Point 2 mation/Allen-E	24V DC Sink Safety Irradley	Input, 4 Point 24V D Ethernet Addre Private Net	C Source S ess work: : 192	afety Out 192.168.1.		
Module Defini Series: Revision: Electronic Ke Input Data: Input Status; Output Data: Data Format	tion A 1.011 Safety Combi Combi Integer	4atch ned Status - N ned	Change	Safety Network Number:	3F7 6/29	78_0450_9C2A	1	

<u>Figure 25</u> shows the Input Configuration tab of the ArmorBlock Module Properties. In this example, Points 0 and 1 monitor the OSSD outputs of the safety switch. The Type must be set to Equivalent, and Mode must be set to Safety. Points 4 and 5 monitor the status of the output contactors K1 and K2. The Type should be set to Equivalent. The discrepancy time will be dependent on the contactor device — a value other than 30 may be needed. Safety pulse testing is used to detect potential faults in the monitoring circuit.

eneral	Connection	Safet	y Module Info II	Int	ternet Protocol Po	ort	Configu	rat	ion Netwo	rk Input Co	onfiguration	Test Output	Output Config
	Po	int Op	eration	Τ			Treet		Input Delay	Time (ms)			
Point	Туре		Discrepancy Time (ms)	1	Point Mode		Sourc	e	Off->On	On->Off			
0	Single		0 -	-	Safety	$\sim$	None	$\sim$	0 ‡	0 🗘			
1		Ľ	-	•	Safety	$\sim$	None	$\sim$	0 🛟	0 🛟			
2	Single		0 -	•	Not Used	$\sim$	None	$\sim$	0 🌲	0 🌲			
3		<u> </u>	-	-	Not Used	~	None	$\sim$	0 🌻	0 ≑			
4	Single		0 -	•	Safety Pulse Test	$\sim$	0	$\sim$	0 🛟	0 🛟			
5		-	-	•	Safety Pulse Test	~	1	~	0 🌻	0 🌻			
6	Single		0 -	•	Not Used	~	None	$\sim$	0 ≑	0 ≑			
7			-	•	Not Used	$\sim$	None	$\sim$	0 🛟	0 🗧			
8	Single	~	0 -	•	Not Used	~	None	~	0 🌻	0 🌻			
9			-	•	Not Used	$\sim$	None	$\sim$	0 ≑	0 ≑			
10	Single	$\sim$	0 -	•	Not Used	$\sim$	None	$\sim$	0 🛟	0 ≑			
11			-	•	Not Used	~	None	$\sim$	0 🌲	0 🗘			

Figure 25 - Module Properties — Input Configuration

<u>Figure 26</u> shows the Test Output tab of the ArmorBlock Module Properties. In this example, Points 0 and 1 are set to Standard. This allows these points to be controlled by the program. Point 0 applies power to the 440G-LZ. By setting it to standard, the user can programmatically turn this point off and on if the 440G-LZ switch has a fault condition. Point 1 is the lock/unlock command. In this example, the 440G-LZ is a PTR type, so 24V unlocks the switch. Points 4 and 5 are used to monitor the contactor outputs and are set to Pulse Test.

Figure 26 - Module Properties - Test Output



<u>Figure 27</u> shows the Output Configuration tab of the ArmorBlock Module Properties. Points 0 and 1 drive the output contactors K1 and K2. The point Types are set to Dual, and the Modes are set to Safety.

Figure 27 - Module Properties — Output Configuration

Mo	dule P	ropertie	s: E	N3TR (1	732ES-IB	12XOE	84 1.011) ×					
Conn	ection	Safety	Mo	dule Info	Internet	Protoco	Port Configuration	Network	Input Configuration*	Test Output*	Output Configuration	4 >
	Po	int Operat	tion									
Po	int	Turne		Poir	nt Mode							
		туре										
(	Dua	al		Safety		$\sim$						
1			Ť.	Safety		$\sim$						
2	Du	al		Not Used	ł	$\sim$						
			$\sim$	Not Used	1							

Figure 28 shows an example program. A Dual Channel Input Stop function block monitors the 440G-LZ and a Redundant Output function block controls two contactors. This example can be used as a starting point for implementation; users must incorporate additional logic based on the risk assessment for the machine.

Figure 28 - Example Studio 5000 Program

		<u> </u>		
	The	Dual Channel Input St	p monitors the outputs of the TLSZR guard locking switch.	
			Dual Channel Input Stop DCS Safety Function S Input Type EQUIVALENT - Discrepancy Time (Macc) Restart Type Cold Start Type Channel A B12X0 Channel B B12X0 Input Status IB12X0B431.Combin Reset TLSZR_HW	TLSZR DCS AFETY GATE ACTIVE HIGH AUTOMATIC AUTOMATIC B41PR0Dota 0 + ednputStatus 0 + ednputStatus 0 + ednputStatus 0 +
	I The ROUT c	f the Dual Channel inp shecks to see of the o	t is satisfied, attempt to turn the redundant outputs ON. tput devices (feedback) are closed before it turns the outputs ROUT-	ON.
			Redundant Output ROUT TL Feedback Type Enable TLSZR_RO	SZR_ROUT -(01)- NEGATIVE -(02)- UT_Enable -(01FF) 0 ←(02FF)
			Feedback 1 IB12X084 Feedback 2 IB12X084	1:1.Pt04Data (FP)- 0 ← 1:1.Pt05Data 0 ←
TLSZR_D	CS.01	The DCS out	vit O1enables the Redundant Output (ROUT).	TLSZR_ROUT_Enabl
				()
TLSZR_R	ou out.oi E	tput O1 of the ROUT f	nction block energizes one of the output contactors (K1).	IB12X0B4:0 P100Dat
TLSZR_R	out.o1 E out.o2	tput O1 of the ROUT f	nction block energizes one of the output contactors (K1).	IB12X0B4:0.P100Dat
TLSZR_R	OUT.01	tput O1 of the ROUT f Dutput O2 of this the Ri With an HM	nction block energizes one of the output contactors (K1). UT function block energizes the second contactor (K2). Input, send an Unlock request to the TLSZR	B12X0B4-0 P100Dat
TLSZR R TLSZR R TLSZR H	OUT.01	tput O1 of the ROUT f Dutput O2 of thi the Ri With an HM	nction block energizes one of the output contactors (K1). UT function block energizes the second contactor (K2). input, send an Unlock request to the TLSZR M input turns power ON and OFF to the TLSZR to recover fro	B12X0B4-O P100Dat B12X0B4-O P101Dat B12X0B4-O.Test00Dat m a fault, if necessary.
TLSZR_R TLSZR_R TLSZR_H With the TLSZR_H	OUT.01	tput O1 of the ROUT f Dutput O2 of thi the Ri With an HM o set as Standard, an An HM input resi	nction block energizes one of the output contactors (K1). UT function block energizes the second contactor (K2). Input, send an Unlock request to the TLSZR Mi input turns power ON and OFF to the TLSZR to recover fro Is the fault present (FP) in the DCS function block.	B12X0B4-0-P100Dat
TLSZR_R TLSZR_H With the TLSZR_H TLSZR_H	OUT.01	tput O1 of the ROUT f Dutput O2 of thi the RO With an HM o set as Standard, an An HMI input resi	nction block energizes one of the output contactors (K1). UT function block energizes the second contactor (K2). Input, send an Unlock request to the TLSZR Mi input turns power ON and OFF to the TLSZR to recover fro Is the fault present (FP) in the DCS function block. It he fault present (FP) in the ROUT function block. TL	B12X0B4-0-P100Dat B12X0B4-0-P101Dat B12X0B4-0-Test00Dat B12X0B4-0-Test00Dat B12X0B4-0-Test01Dat B12X0B4-0-Test01Dat B12X0B4-0-Test01Dat B12X0B4-0-P101Dat B12X0B4-0-P101Dat B12X0B4-0-P100Dat B12X0B4-0-P100Dat B12X0B4-0-P100Dat B12X0B4-0-P100Dat B12X0B4-0-P100Dat B12X0B4-0-P101Dat B12X0B4-0-P101Dat B12X0B4-0-P101Dat B12X0B4-0-P101Dat B12X0B4-0-P101Dat B12X0B4-0-P101Dat B12X0B4-0-P101Dat B12X0B4-0-P101Dat B12X0B4-0-P101Dat B12X0B4-0-P101Dat B12X0B4-0-P101Dat B12X0B4-0-P101Dat B12X0B4-0-P101Dat B12X0B4-0-Test00Dat B12X0B4-0-
TLSZR_R TLSZR_H With the TLSZR_H TLSZR_H	OUT.01	tput O1 of the ROUT f Dutput O2 of thi the Ri With an HM o set as Standard, an An HM input resi	nction block energizes one of the output contactors (K1). UT function block energizes the second contactor (K2). Input, send an Unlock request to the TLSZR Input turns power ON and OFF to the TLSZR to recover from Its the fault present (FP) in the DCS function block. It fault present (FP) in the ROUT function block. TL	IB12X0B4:O.PI00Det

# **Specifications and Safety Ratings**

# Introduction

This appendix provides the specifications and safety ratings for the Guardmaster<sup>®</sup> 440G-LZ guard locking safety switch.

### **Table 15 - Operating Characteristics**

Attribute	Value
Switch function	OSSDs enable when guard closed and locked
Torque for M5 mounting of switch and actuator mounting bracket	2 N•m (17.7 lb•in) max
Lock bolt insertion for assured lock and hold force	5 mm (0.19 in.) min, 10 mm (0.39 in.) max
Approach speed	2 mm/s, min
Lock bolt alignment tolerance X, Y, Z	± 2.5 mm (0.1 in.), max
Hold force F <sub>max</sub> (EN ISO 14119)	1,690 N
Hold force F <sub>zh</sub> (EN ISO 14119) <sup>(1)</sup>	1,300 N
Maximum output current (each output)	200 mA
Quiescent power consumption, locked or unlocked	2.5 W
Lock signal current	3.5 mA signal on green lock/unlock wire
Peak current, during turn-on or after Lock/Unlock operation	400 mA
Duration of peak current, at turn-on or after Lock/Unlock operation	100 ms
Number of switches connectable in series	Unlimited, see <u>Response Time When Connected in Series</u> <u>Circuit on page 28</u>
Operating voltage U <sub>e</sub>	24V DC + 10%/-15% Class 2 SELV
Frequency of operating cycles	0.2 Hz, max
Dwell time between subsequent locking/unlocking	2.5 s
Response time (Off)	100 ms first switch, +50 ms for each additional switch
Risk time	100 ms (according to IEC 60947-5-3)
Start-up time	5 s (availability)
Usage category	DC-13 24V 200 mA, (IEC 60947-5-2)
Insulation voltage U <sub>i</sub> (IEC 60947-5-1)	75V
Impulse withstand voltage U <sub>imp</sub> (IEC 60947-5-1)	1 kV
Pollution degree (IEC 60947-5-1)	3
Manual (auxiliary) release	Built-in
Emergency release	No
Escape release	No
Protection class (IEC 61140)	Class II
Mechanical life	500,000 cyles

(1) The holding force F<sub>zh</sub> is in accordance to EN ISO 14119:2013, clause 5.7.4. Additional validation was performed in accordance with IEC 60947-5-1:2009, clause C.1.2.2.

### Table 16 - Safety Ratings

Category	Safety Rating
Standards	IEC 60947-5-3, IEC 60947-5-1, IEC 61508, EN ISO 13849-1, IEC 62061, EN/ISO14119, UL 508
Safety Classification: Guard door sensing and lock monitoring	Type 4 Interlocking Device with Guard Locking with Iow (standard) and high (unique) coding per ISO 14119 PLe Category 4 per ISO 13949-1, SIL 3 per IEC 61508 and IEC 62061
Functional Safety Data: Guard door sensing and lock monitoring	PFHD: 9.1 x 10 <sup>-10</sup> Dual channel interlock is suitable for use in applications up to PLe (in accordance with ISO 13849-1) and for use up to SIL 3 systems (in accordance with IEC 62061), depending on application characteristics. Mission time/PTI: 20 years

### Table 17 - Outputs

Guard Closed and Locked	Description/Status
Safety	2 x PNP, 0.2 A max / ON (+24V DC)
Auxiliary	1 x PNP, 0.2 A max / OFF (+OV DC)

#### **Table 18 - Environmental**

Attribute	Value
Operating temperature	055 °C (+32131 °F)
Storage temperature	-25+75 °C (-13+167 °F)
Operating humidity	595%, relative
Enclosure ingress rating	NEMA 3, 4x, 12, 13, IP66, IP67, IP69K
Shock and vibration	IEC 68-2-27 30 g (1.06 oz), 11 ms/IEC 68-2-6 1055 Hz
Hygienic	ISO 14159:2004 and EN 1672-2005 (for part of the machine that is defined as food splash area)
Washdown	Suitable for sodium hydroxide-based washdown fluids
Radio frequency / EMC	IEC-60947-5-3, FCC-1 (Parts 18 & 15), R&TTE

#### Table 19 - General

Attribute	Value
Materials	ABS, lock bolt and mount bracket 304 stainless steel
Weight switch/actuator	Switch 400 g (14.1 oz), actuator 22 g (0.78 oz), actuator mounting bracket 60 g (2.12 oz)
Connection	Flying lead or pigtail with M12 8-pin QD connector (stainless steel)

#### **Table 20 - Protection**

Attribute	Value
Short circuit protection	Incorporated
Current limitation	Incorporated
Overload protection	Incorporated
Reverse polarity protection	Incorporated
Overvoltage protection	Incorporated (up to 60V max.)
Thermal shutdown/restart <sup>(1)</sup>	Incorporated

(1) The OSSD outputs are semi-conductor PNP transistors and are safeguarded against over-temperature at the semi-conductor junction. They are rated at 0.2 A and don't exceed the trip temperature unless the current significantly exceeds this rated value. This protection does not trip out the complete switch when it is exposed to ambient temperatures greater than 55 °C (131 °F). It would only switch off the OSSDs and the LED indicators would flash red to indicate a non-recoverable fault.

### Certifications

See the Product Certification link at <u>rok.auto/certifications</u> for Declaration of Conformity, Certificates, and other certification details.

- UL Listed Industrial Control Equipment, Certified for US and Canada
- CE Marked for all applicable directives
- C-Tick Marked
- TÜV Certified for Functional Safety up to SIL 3 Category 4 for use in safety applications up to and including SIL 3. Also in accordance with IEC 61508 and EN 62061, Performance Level e and Category 4 in accordance with ISO 13849-1, both for guard position and for lock monitor according to EN ISO 14119:2013.

This product bears the CE Mark and is approved for installations within the European Union and EEA regions. It has been designed and tested to meet the following directives (Machine Safety and EMC).

For a complete list of standards used (including Machine Safety Directive and EMC Directive), See <u>Compliance to European Union Directives on page 55</u> of this manual.

### Dimensions

**Compliance to European** 

**Union Directives** 

#### Figure 29 - Switch Body



51.5 (2.03) 40 (1.57)

(0.12)







### Figure 31 - Switch Mounting Bracket 440G-LZAM2



# **Typical Installations**

### Switch Mounted Parallel to Hinge Axis

The X and Y positions can be adjusted using the slotted holes of the mounting bracket and appropriate selection of the three pairs of actuator bracket holes, once the bracket is centered.

The tolerance to misalignment is ±2.5 mm (0.10 in.).



The Z (height) position is adjusted by sliding the actuator bracket up/down on the profile. If the setting gap is centered between the minimum of 0 mm and the maximum of 5 mm (0.20 in.), a tolerance to misalignment of ±2.5 mm (0.10 in.) is achieved.



The Z position can be carefully selected to offset the anticipated door sag or door drop. Simultaneously, be sure that the alignment is such that it is not possible to lift the door up and off the locking bolt. Also make sure that there is no possibility that the actuator would collide with the switch when the guard door is being closed. It is essential to check the alignment periodically throughout the use of the guard locking switch.

# Switch Mounted Perpendicularly to Hinge Axis

The Z (height) position is adjusted by sliding the actuator bracket up/down on the profile. If the setting gap is centered between the minimum of 0 mm and the maximum of 5 mm (0.20 in.), a tolerance to misalignment of ±2.5 mm (0.10 in.) is achieved.

The X and Y positions can be adjusted using spacers underneath the switch and appropriate selection of the three pairs of actuator bracket holes, once the bracket is centered.

The tolerance to misalignment is  $\pm 2.5 \text{ mm} (0.10 \text{ in.}).$ 

The Z position can be carefully selected to offset the anticipated door sag or door drop. Simultaneously, be sure that the alignment is such that it prohibits lifting the door up and off the locking bolt. Also check to be sure there is no possibility that the actuator would collide with the switch when closing the guard door. It is essential to check the alignment periodically throughout the use of the guard locking switch.





### Switch Mounted to a Sliding Guard Door

The Z (height) position is adjusted by sliding the actuator bracket up/down on the profile. If the setting gap is centered between the minimum of 0 mm and the maximum of 5 mm (0.20 in.), a tolerance to misalignment of ±2.5 mm (0.10 in.) is achieved.

The X and Y positions can be adjusted using the slotted holes of the mounting bracket and appropriate selection of the three pairs of actuator bracket holes, once the bracket is centered.

The tolerance to misalignment is ±2.5 mm (0.10 in.).



# EU Declaration of Conformity

For Product Certifications, visit our website at <u>rok.auto/certifications</u>.

### **Notes:**

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# Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE)

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At the end of life, this equipment should be collected separately from any unsorted municipal waste.

Rockwell Automation maintains current product environmental compliance information on its website at rok.auto/pec.

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